DETAILED RESULTS

## CANADIAN RETIREMENT STUDY

JUNE 2024

## Conducted for HOOPP



## Definitions

- Retired - Respondents who have fully retired (not including semi-retired individuals)
- Unretired - Respondents who are not either retired or semiretired, meaning they may be employed full or part-time, or unemployed but not due to retirement
- Pension - Respondents with a defined benefit and/or defined contribution pension plan
- No pension - Respondents without either a defined benefit or defined contribution pension plan (includes those with an RRSP or other retirement benefits)



## Methodology

These findings are based on a survey conducted online with 2,000 Canadians aged 18 and over from April 12 to 16, 2024. A random sample of panelists were invited to complete the survey from a set of partner panels based on the Lucid exchange platform. These partners are typically double opt-in survey panels, blended to manage out potential skews in the data from a single source.
The margin of error for a comparable probability-based random sample of the same size is $+/-2.19 \%, 19$ times out of 20 . The margin of error will be larger for data that is based on sub-groups of the total sample.
The data were weighted according to census data to ensure that the sample matched Canada's population according to age, gender, educational attainment and region.
Individuals who identified their gender as something other than "male" or "female" were weighted out of the gendered analysis due to their small sample size ( $\mathrm{N}=9$ ).
Totals may not add up to 100 due to rounding.


## Executive Summary

The Healthcare of Ontario Pension Plan (HOOPP) commissioned Abacus Data to conduct its sixth Canadian Retirement Survey in the spring of 2024. This annual public opinion tracking survey examines Canadian individuals' retirement savings behaviour within the current economic environment, and the personal, societal and economic issues impacting their retirement security.

The results of this year's survey demonstrate that persistent high interest rates and a rising cost of living continue to have a significant negative impact on Canadians' ability to save and manage the cost of daily life, threatening their retirement preparedness. While all Canadians are struggling, women and those closest to retirement are especially hard hit with lower savings and higher levels of financial stress.

The findings suggest that individuals with workplace pensions are better prepared to face these challenges, as Canadians continue to recognize the personal and societal value pensions provide.

## I. SAVINGS AND PLANS FOR RETIREMENT



## Canadians struggle to save amidst high cost of living; a quarter plan to work in retirement.

One in four (26\%) unretired Canadians say they expect to continue working in retirement in order to support themselves, as Canadians continue to contend with a rising cost of living. At the same time, half ( $49 \%$ ) of unretired Canadians haven't set aside any money for retirement in the last year, and only $43 \%$ say they have enough money coming in to set some aside in savings.

Struggling to keep up in the face of persistent high interest rates, the cost of daily living remains Canadians' top concern ( $70 \%$ ), followed by their income keeping up with inflation ( $63 \%$ ) and cuts to government social services (61\%). Having enough money in retirement was also a top concern (58\%).

As cost of daily living remains high, Canadians feel interest rates will continue to impact their ability to set aside money to save (66\%), save for retirement (61\%) and reduce debt (59\%), even if rates decrease slightly in the near future.

## Canadians struggle to save amidst high cost of living; a quarter plan to work in retirement.

Interest rates also continue to affect Canadians' outlook on housing affordability:

- Half ( $52 \%$ ) of homeowners are worried about the impact of interest rates on their ability to afford their mortgage payments.
- Almost two-thirds (63\%) of non-homeowners are concerned about the impact of interest rates on their ability to buy a home (+7 pts).

What's more, a growing number of homeowners plan to rely on the sale of their home to set themselves up for retirement ( $42 \%,+4$ pts), including $40 \%$ of homeowners aged 55-64 (+6 pts). A significant majority ( $85 \%$ ) of nonhomeowners are also worried about the increasing cost of rent.

## 1 in 4 unretired Canadians expect to continue working in retirement to support themselves.



## Retirement savings rates improve just outside margin of error.

PUT MONEY ASIDE FOR RETIREMENT


PUT MONEY ASIDE IN LAST YEAR


And now thinking of your savings, would you say you..

## Unretired men in more privileged position...


[Unretired] $\mathrm{N}=1486$, [Male - unretired] $\mathrm{N}=770$, [Female - unretired] $\mathrm{N}=716$

And now thinking of your savings, would you say you...
...particularly among men under 35.

$\square$ Have more than enough money coming in to save/put aside - Have enough money to save/put aside ■ Don't have much money to save/put aside $\quad$ Have no money to save/put aside

Cost of living and income/affordability are among the top current concerns generally. Total Concerned (7-9)


Even if interest rates were to decrease, Canadians agree they will continue to impact their ability to save, save for retirement, and reduce debt.

Big + Some Impact


Most Canadians worry about rent and mortgage rates.

| \% Agree (Strongly + Somewhat Agree) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & 2024 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & 2023 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| **I'm worried about the increasing cost of rent | 85\% | - | Homeowners |  |  |
| **I'm worried about what interest rates will do to my ability to buy a home | 63\% | 56\% |  |  |  |
| I'm worried about what interest rates will do to others' ability to buy a home from me as I approach retirement | 55\% | 55\% | 18-34 | 55\% | 2023 $56 \%$ |
| I'm worried about what interest rates will do to my ability to afford my current/future mortgage payments | 52\% | 49\% | 35-54 | 50\% | 43\% |
| *I'm worried about my ability to pay off my mortgage so that I can retire when I plan to | 51\% | 36\% | 55-64 | 40\% | 34\% |
| I'm going to rely on the sale of my home to set myself up for retirement | 42\% | 38\% | 65+ | 27\% | 23\% |
| I'm worried that I won't be able to retire when I want to due to my mortgage payments | 38\% | - |  |  |  |

## II. GENDER DISPARITIES



## Canadian women have less money, more financial anxiety; men better positioned to save.

While most Canadians are struggling to save amidst a high cost of living, women are particularly affected. Half (49\%) of all Canadian women have less than $\$ 5,000$ in savings and almost a third (28\%) have no savings (compared to $33 \%$ and $17 \%$ of men, respectively), which is stable year over year from 2023.

More than half ( $53 \%$ ) of unretired women have not set aside any money for retirement in the last year (compared to $45 \%$ of men). Women are also significantly less likely to have enough money to set some aside in savings ( $36 \%$ of women compared to $48 \%$ of men).

As they grapple with a reduced capacity to save, women rank affording the day-to-day as their top financial priority ( $57 \%$, compared to $49 \%$ of men), while the top priority for men is saving for retirement ( $51 \%$, compared to $46 \%$ of women).

## Canadian women have less money, more financial anxiety; men better positioned to save.

It's against this economic backdrop that women are significantly more likely to feel anxious ( $51 \%$ of women compared to $39 \%$ of men), fearful ( $50 \%$ vs. $37 \%$ ), frustrated ( $50 \%$ vs. $42 \%$ ) and sad ( $46 \%$ vs. $36 \%$ ) because of their financial situation. They are also more likely than men to be concerned about:

- the cost of daily living ( $76 \%$ of women compared to $65 \%$ of men)
- their income keeping up with inflation ( $69 \%$ vs. $57 \%$ )
- housing affordability ( $66 \%$ vs. $51 \%$ )
- having enough money in retirement ( $63 \%$ vs. $52 \%$ )
- their mental health ( $49 \%$ vs. $35 \%$ )

4 in 10 Canadians have less than $\$ 5,000$ in savings and almost a quarter have no savings at all.

(Wording change from previous wave: How much money do you have in savings? That is, money you've put aside for general savings or a specific goal, outside of your month-to-month budget.)

## Half of all Canadian women have less than $\$ 5,000$ in savings and almost a third have no savings at all.



More than half of unretired women have not set aside any money for retirement in the last year.


## Men are in a more privileged position than their female peers.


[Total] $N=2000,[$ Male] $N=1073$, [Female] $N=928$,

Please rank them from highest (1) to lowest (3) according to how important each are.

## Women rank affording the day-to-day as their top financial priority, while the top priority for men is saving for retirement.

| \% TOP 3 | Total | Male | Female |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Affording the day to day for your family | 53\% | 49\% | 57\% |
| Saving for retirement | 49\% | 51\% | 46\% |
| Saving for a big near-term necessary purchase | 38\% | 39\% | 37\% |
| Paying off credit card debt | 34\% | 32\% | 36\% |
| Paying rent | 32\% | 32\% | 32\% |
| Making your mortgage payments | 22\% | 23\% | 20\% |
| Paying off a line of credit | 18\% | 18\% | 17\% |
| Saving for a home or property purchase | 18\% | 17\% | 18\% |
| Saving for your child(ren)'s education | 14\% | 16\% | 13\% |
| Helping your child(ren) pay for home or property | 8\% | 9\% | 8\% |
| Paying off student debt | 8\% | 7\% | 9\% |
| Helping your child(ren) pay off their debts | 6\% | 6\% | 7\% |

## Women are significantly more likely to feel anxious, fearful, frustrated, and sad because of their financial situation.

| \% Agree (Strongly + Somewhat agree) | Total | Male | Female |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I feel frustrated because of my financial situation | 46\% | 42\% | 50\% |
| I feel anxious because of my financial situation | 45\% | 39\% | 51\% |
| I worry a lot because of my financial situation | 45\% | 40\% | 50\% |
| I am fearful because of my financial situation | 43\% | 37\% | 50\% |
| I feel sad because of my financial situation | 41\% | 36\% | 46\% |
| I feel emotionally drained because of my financial situation | 38\% | 33\% | 43\% |
| I feel depressed because of my financial situation | 37\% | 33\% | 40\% |
| I am easily irritated because of my financial situation | 36\% | 33\% | 39\% |

## Women are significantly more likely than men to be concerned about affordability/income/finances.

| \% Concerned (7-9) | Total | 2023 | Male | Female |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost of living in your day-to-day life | 70\% | 70\% | 65\% | 76\% |
| My income keeping up with inflation | 63\% | 66\% | 57\% | 69\% |
| Cuts to government health care services | 61\% | 64\% | 54\% | 68\% |
| Housing affordability | 58\% | 58\% | 51\% | 66\% |
| Having enough money in retirement | 58\% | 59\% | 52\% | 63\% |
| The amount of taxes you have to pay | 54\% | 56\% | 51\% | 58\% |
| Balancing my short term well being and long-term financial security | 50\% | 54\% | 43\% | 57\% |
| The amount of debt Government has | 49\% | 53\% | 49\% | 50\% |
| Your physical health | 48\% | 50\% | 43\% | 53\% |
| Cuts to government social ser................................ | 48\% | 51\% | 42\% | 54\% |
| Your mental health | 42\% | 42\% | 35\% | 49\% |

## III. FEELING PREPARED FOR RETIREMENT



## Canadians unprepared for retirement, especially women closest to retirement.

Canadians are not confident in their retirement readiness. In fact, most agree that saving for retirement is prohibitively expensive ( $70 \%,+4$ pts since 2023), and more than half ( $57 \%$ ) of unretired Canadians say they feel unprepared for retirement.

One in ten (13\%) unretired Canadians don't think they'll ever retire. At the same time, almost a third (28\%) of unretired Canadians aged 55-64 say they expect to continue working in retirement in order to support themselves.

The findings suggest a concerning retirement outlook for unretired Canadians aged 55-64, especially unretired women in the same age group:

- $39 \%$ of Canadians aged $55-64$ have less than $\$ 5,000$ in savings ( -5 pts ); $73 \%$ have $\$ 100,000$ or less in savings.
- More than one in three (36\%) women aged 55-64 have no savings at all, compared to one in five (22\%) men.


## Canadians unprepared for retirement, especially women closest to retirement.

- Nearly two-thirds (62\%) of unretired women aged 55-64 feel unprepared for retirement, compared to half (48\%) of unretired men aged 55-64.
- Unretired women are also less likely to have a planned retirement age than men:
- $61 \%$ of unretired women don't have a planned age compared to $50 \%$ of unretired men, including $59 \%$ of unretired women aged $55-64$ and $39 \%$ of unretired men in the same age group.


## Most Canadians agree that saving for retirement is prohibitively expensive.

Saving for retirement is prohibitively expensive


Fewer feel prepared for retirement pre-retirement than the retired recall.
*HOW PREPARED DO YOU FEEL?


## Most don't have a firm retirement age...


... with unretired women less certain of retirement age than unretired men and less likely to have a planned age for retirement.

... with unretired women less certain of retirement age than unretired men and less likely to have a planned age for retirement.

[Unretired] $N=1486,[$ Male - unretired -18 to 34$] N=249$, [Male - unretired -35 to 54$] N=350$, [Male - unretired -55 to 64$] N=122$, [Male - unretired -65 and over] $N=49$, [Female - unretired -18 to 34$] N=257$,
$[$ Female - unretired -35 to 54$] N=305$, [Female - unretired -55 to 64$] N=129$, [Female - unretired -65 and over] $N=25$ [Female - unretired - 35 to 54] $\mathrm{N}=305$, [Female - unretired - 55 to 64 ] $\mathrm{N}=129$, [Female - unretired -65 and over] $\mathrm{N}=25$

HOOPP

## 1 in 4 unretired Canadians expect to continue working in retirement to support themselves.



## 4 in 10 Canadians aged 55-64 have less than $\$ 5,000$ in savings.

|  | Total | 18-34 | Age |  |  | Gender |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 35-54 | 55-64 | 65+ | Male | Female |
| I don't have any savings at all | 22\% | 19\% | 25\% | 29\% | 15\% | 17\% | 28\% |
| Under \$5000 | 18\% | 25\% | 18\% | 10\% | 19\% | 16\% | 21\% |
| \$5,000-\$10,000 | 8\% | 11\% | 7\% | 5\% | 7\% | 8\% | 8\% |
| \$10,001-\$25,000 | 10\% | 14\% | 9\% | 9\% | 8\% | 11\% | 8\% |
| \$25,001-\$50,000 | 9\% | 12\% | 11\% | 6\% | 7\% | 9\% | 9\% |
| \$50,001-\$75,000 | 5\% | 5\% | 6\% | 8\% | 3\% | 7\% | 4\% |
| \$75,001-\$100,000 | 6\% | 5\% | 6\% | 6\% | 5\% | 6\% | 5\% |
| \$100,001 + | 21\% | 9\% | 19\% | 27\% | 36\% | 26\% | 17\% |
| NET SAVINGS | 78\% | 81\% | 75\% | 71\% | 85\% | 83\% | 72\% |

## 4 in 10 Canadians aged 55-64 have less than $\$ 5,000$ in savings.

|  | Total | Male |  |  |  | Female |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 18-34 | 35-54 | 55-64 | 65+ | 18-34 | 35-54 | 55-64 | $65+$ |
| I don't have any savings at all | 22\% | 15\% | 20\% | 22\% | 11\% | 24\% | 30\% | 36\% | 19\% |
| Under \$5000 | 18\% | 19\% | 16\% | 9\% | 20\% | 31\% | 20\% | 11\% | 19\% |
| \$5,000-\$10,000 | 8\% | 10\% | 7\% | 7\% | 6\% | 13\% | 8\% | 4\% | 7\% |
| \$10,001-\$25,000 | 10\% | 16\% | 9\% | 10\% | 9\% | 11\% | 8\% | 7\% | 7\% |
| \$25,001-\$50,000 | 9\% | 14\% | 11\% | 5\% | 5\% | 9\% | 10\% | 6\% | 10\% |
| \$50,001-\$75,000 | 5\% | 8\% | 6\% | 11\% | 3\% | 2\% | 5\% | 5\% | 3\% |
| \$75,001-\$100,000 | 6\% | 7\% | 4\% | 8\% | 6\% | 4\% | 7\% | 5\% | 4\% |
| \$100,001 + | 21\% | 12\% | 27\% | 28\% | 41\% | 5\% | 12\% | 26\% | 31\% |
| NET SAVINGS | 78\% | 85\% | 80\% | 78\% | 89\% | 76\% | 70\% | 64\% | 81\% |

[Split Sample] $\mathrm{N}=982$, [Male, 18-34] $\mathrm{N}=123$, [Male, 35-54] $\mathrm{N}=158$, [Male, $55-64] \mathrm{N}=107,[$ Male, $65+] \mathrm{N}=129$, [Female, 18-34] $\mathrm{N}=124$, [Female, $35-54] \mathrm{N}=168$, [Female, 55-64] $\mathrm{N}=97$, [Female, 65+] $\mathrm{N}=76$,
(Wording change from previous wave: How much money do you have in savings? That is, money you've put aside for general savings or a specific goal, outside of your month-to-month budget.)

HOOPP


## Pensions make saving more efficient; Canadians see the value and are willing to pay.

Canadians with workplace pensions are better prepared for retirement, as those with access are more likely to have more savings than those without:

- Canadians with a workplace pension plan are able to save more efficiently. Just $29 \%$ of those with a workplace pension have less than $\$ 5,000$ in savings, compared to almost half ( $48 \%$ ) of those without.
- More than half ( $59 \%$ ) of unretired Canadians with a workplace pension feel somewhat or very well prepared for retirement, compared to only a third (34\%) of those without.
- Almost half ( $49 \%$ ) of unretired women with a pension feel prepared for retirement, compared to just $29 \%$ without a pension. For unretired men, this increases to $66 \%$ with a pension and $40 \%$ without.


## Pensions make saving more efficient; Canadians see the value and are willing to pay.

Notably, most Canadians are also willing to pay for pensions; $70 \%$ would prefer a slightly lower salary and a pension (or a better pension) over a slightly higher salary and no (or a worse) pension (30\%). This is especially significant as Canadians manage a high cost of living and high interest rates, and as most ( $73 \%$ ) continue to agree there is an emerging retirement income crisis ( +4 pts since 2023).
Despite these challenges, Canadians continue to see pensions as part of the solution:

- The vast majority of Canadians believe all workers should have access to an affordable retirement savings arrangement ( $88 \%$ ) and it is in everyone's interest for more people to have better retirement savings ( $86 \%$ ).
- $81 \%$ agree companies have a responsibility to offer a pension plan that workers can access for adequate income in retirement.
- 78\% agree that the pensions we build today are fuel for tomorrow's economy and $77 \%$ agree that without good pensions in place, the economy will suffer.
- Most agree that governments can save money by supporting pensions that are more efficient ( $77 \%$ ) and affordable ( $77 \%$ ); $75 \%$ agree that if workers aren't able to access good workplace pensions and contribute during their working lives, they will become a burden on taxpayers.

Canadians with workplace pensions are better prepared for retirement, as those with access are more likely to have more savings than those without.

|  | Total | Male | Female | Pension | No Pension |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I don't have any savings at all | 22\% | 17\% | 28\% | 14\% | 28\% |
| Under \$5000 | 18\% | 16\% | 21\% | 15\% | 20\% |
| \$5,000-\$10,000 | 8\% | 8\% | 8\% | 8\% | 7\% |
| \$10,001-\$25,000 | 10\% | 11\% | 8\% | 8\% | 11\% |
| \$25,001-\$50,000 | 9\% | 9\% | 9\% | 11\% | 8\% |
| \$50,001-\$75,000 | 5\% | 7\% | 4\% | 8\% | 4\% |
| \$75,001-\$100,000 | 6\% | 6\% | 5\% | 7\% | 5\% |
| \$100,001-\$150,000 | 6\% | 8\% | 4\% | 8\% | 5\% |
| \$150,001-\$200,000 | 4\% | 4\% | 4\% | 6\% | 3\% |
| \$200,001+ | 11\% | 14\% | 9\% | 15\% | 9\% |
| NET SAVINGS | 78\% | 83\% | 72\% | 86\% | 72\% |

More than half of unretired Canadians with a workplace pension feel somewhat or very well prepared for retirement, compared to only a third of those without.
\% Prepared

[Unretired - Pension] $N=577$, [Unretired - No Pension] $N=909$, [Male - Unretired - Pension] $N=336$, [Male - Unretired - No Pension] $N=434$, [Female - Unretired - Pension] $N=241$, [Female -
Unretired - No Pension] N $=475$.

## Most Canadians are also willing to pay for pensions.



## Most Canadians continue to feel there is an emerging retirement income crisis.



We have a few more perspectives to ask you about. Do you agree or disagree that...

## Canadians continue to see pensions as part of the solution.



## Canadians continue to see pensions as part of the solution.

| \% Agree (Strongly + Somewhat agree) | 2024 | 2023 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| It is in everyone's interest for more people to have better retirement savings | 86\% | 85\% |
| All workers should have a pension that guarantees a percentage of their working income in retirement | 83\% | 85\% |
| Companies have a responsibility to offer a pension plan that workers can access in order to have adequate retirement income | 81\% | 81\% |
| The pensions we build today are the fuel for tomorrow's economy | 78\% | 79\% |
| *Governments can save money by supporting pensions that are more efficient | 77\% | 76\% |
| Without good pensions in place the economy will suffer | 77\% | 77\% |
| **Governments can save money by supporting pensions that are more affordable | 77\% | 75\% |
| Regardless of economic conditions, companies could afford to offer workers good pensions if they wanted to | 77\% | 76\% |
| We have a moral obligation to ensure our children have pensions like their parents and grandparents had | 76\% | 75\% |
| If workers aren't able to access good workplace pensions and contribute during their working lives, they will become a burden on the taxpayer | 75\% | 74\% |



## Conclusion

Saving for retirement is on the backburner for many Canadians as they endure a high cost of living and unrelenting interest rates. Half of Canadian women have less than $\$ 5,000$ in savings, with a significantly reduced capacity to save compared to men, as they struggle to afford daily life and are significantly more likely to be concerned about their income keeping up with inflation, housing affordability and having enough money in retirement. At the same time, almost a third of pre-retirement adults say they expect to continue working in retirement in order to support themselves.

While Canadians feel unprepared for retirement as they focus on affording the day-to-day, the findings suggest that those with workplace pension plans are able to save more efficiently and are more confident in their retirement readiness.

What's more, Canadians continue to see pensions as a solution to these challenges and are willing to sacrifice pay to get them. As they recognize the personal and societal benefits of workplace pension plans, it's clear Canadians also see a role for employers and governments in expanding pension access.


## Canadians' standard of living slightly improved from 2023.



Standard of living varies greatly within the Canadian experience.


[^0]Thinking about your current standard of living, how would you describe your situation on a scale from 1 to 5 , where 1 means you are falling behind and 5 means you are getting ahead?

Standard of living varies greatly within the Canadian experience.


[^1] $\mathrm{N}=165$,

Likelihood of ever having a workplace pension plan among those without one is incredibly low.

[No pension] $N=1212$

## Defined benefits are considered one of the top three ways to best save for retirement among unretired Canadians...



In your mind, what would be the best way for you to save for retirement? Please rank the following in order of most effective (1) approach to least effective (8) approach.
...which is relatively consistent between genders.

| \% Effective (1-3) | Total | Gender |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Male - Unretired | Female - Unretired |
| Investing using your RRSP | 50\% | 50\% | 50\% |
| Saving in cash | 46\% | 46\% | 46\% |
| Finding a job with a defined benefit pension plan | 46\% | 45\% | 47\% |
| Investing using your TFSA | 45\% | 44\% | 45\% |
| Finding a job with a defined contribution pension plan | 44\% | 41\% | 46\% |
| Getting into the housing market at the right time so you can sell after/for retirement | 30\% | 31\% | 29\% |
| Investing through a nonregistered investment account | 25\% | 24\% | 26\% |
| Investing in cryptocurrency | 16\% | 20\% | 12\% |

[^2]
## Homeownership



If interest rates were to remain steady in the near future, would this have a big impact, some impact, or not much impact at all on...

If interest rates remained steady, savings and debt will be impacted.


I want you to consider a number of trade-offs Between each set, would you generally rather:

## Most Canadians are also willing to pay for pensions.


Have a slightly lower salary
but any (or a better) pension
plan
Have a higher salary but no
(or lower quality) pension
plan

[Total] $\mathrm{N}=2000$, [Retired] $\mathrm{N}=506$, [Unretired] $\mathrm{N}=1486$, [Employed] $\mathrm{N}=1219$ [Male - Retired] $\mathrm{N}=299$, [Male - Unretired] $\mathrm{N}=770$, [Male - Employed] $\mathrm{N}=677$, [Female - Retired] $\mathrm{N}=207$, [Female - Unretired] $\mathrm{N}=716$, [Female - Employed] $\mathrm{N}=542$

## abacus <br> - data <br> ноорр

I want you to consider a number of trade-offs Between each set, would you generally rather:
Most Canadians would prefer to see their employers make direct contributions to a pension plan.



- Have your employer make direct contributions to a pension plan

■ Receive the money employers typically contribute for pension plans as salary
[Total] $\mathrm{N}=2000$, [Retired] $\mathrm{N}=506$, [Unretired] $\mathrm{N}=1486$, [Employed] $\mathrm{N}=1219$ [Male - Retired] $\mathrm{N}=299$, [Male - Unretired] $\mathrm{N}=770$, [Male - Employed] $\mathrm{N}=677$, [Female -Retired] $\mathrm{N}=207$, [Female - Unretired] $\mathrm{N}=716$, [Female - Employed] $\mathrm{N}=542$

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## Unretired men tend to be ahead on saving for retirement from an early age than unretired women...



## Unretired men tend to be ahead on saving for retirement from an early age than unretired women...


 - Unretired - 35 to 54] $\mathrm{N}=305$, [Female - Unretired - 55 to 64] $\mathrm{N}=129$, [Female - Unretired - 65 and over] $\mathrm{N}=25$
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...including in the last year.

[Unretired] $N=1486,[$ Male - Unretired] $N=770$, [Female - Unretired] $N=716,[18-34-$ Unretired] $N=506,[35-54-$ Unretired] $N=655,[55-64-$ Unretired] $N=251$, [65+ - Unretired] $N=74$,
...including in the last year.

[Unretired] $\mathrm{N}=1486$, [Male - Unretired - 18 to 34] $\mathrm{N}=249$, [Male - Unretired - 35 to 54] $\mathrm{N}=350$, [Male - Unretired -55 to 64] $\mathrm{N}=122$, [Male - Unretired -65 and over] $\mathrm{N}=49$, [Female - Unretired - 18 to 34 ] $\mathrm{N}=$ 257, [Female - Unretired - 35 to 54] $\mathrm{N}=305$, [Female - Unretired - 55 to 64 ] $\mathrm{N}=129$, [Female - Unretired -65 and over] $\mathrm{N}=25$

Unretired pension holders tend to be able to save more efficiently than those without the security of a plan.

[Unretired - Pension] $N=577$, [Unretired - no pension] $N=909$, [Male - Unretired - Pension] $N=336,[$ Male - Unretired - No pension] $N=434$, [Female - Unretired - Pension] $N=241$, [Female - Unretired - No Pension] $N=475$.

Surviving the day to day is ranked an even higher priority in 2024 than in 2023.


Few non-owners optimistic about their chances of homeownership.

[Non-homeowners] $\mathrm{N}=847$

## Cost of living and income/affordability are among the top current concerns (7+8+9).



Most Canadians worry about rent and mortgage rates.

| \% Agree (Strongly + Somewhat Agree) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & 2024 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & 2023 \end{aligned}$ | 18 to 34 | 35 to 54 | 55 to 64 | $65+$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| **\|'m worried about the increasing cost of rent | 85\% | - | 81\% | 88\% | 86\% | 88\% |
| **I'm worried about what interest rates will do to my ability to buy a home | 63\% | 56\% | 79\% | 67\% | 45\% | 37\% |
| I'm worried about what interest rates will do to others' ability to buy a home from me as I approach retirement | 55\% | 55\% | 65\% | 63\% | 52\% | 40\% |
| I'm worried about what interest rates will do to my ability to afford my current/future mortgage payments | 52\% | 49\% | 69\% | 66\% | 42\% | 28\% |
| *I'm worried about my ability to pay off my mortgage so that I can retire when I plan to | 51\% | 36\% | 62\% | 55\% | 35\% | 33\% |
| I'm going to rely on the sale of my home to set myself up for retirement | 42\% | 38\% | 55\% | 50\% | 40\% | 27\% |
| I'm worried that I won't be able to retire when I want to due to my mortgage payments | 38\% | - | 57\% | 52\% | 30\% | 13\% |

[Base varies] $\mathrm{N}=* 809$ - **847
[Total] N = 1154

Please rank them from highest (1) to lowest (3) according to how important each are.

## Women rank affording the day-to-day as their top financial priority, while the top priority for men is saving for retirement.

| \% TOP 3 | Total | Male | Female | Female |  |  |  | Male |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 18 to 34 | 35 to 54 | 55 to 64 | 65+ | 18 to 34 | 35 to 54 | 55 to 64 | 65+ |
| Affording the day to day for your family | 53\% | 49\% | 57\% | 49\% | 59\% | 64\% | 57\% | 37\% | 46\% | 49\% | 67\% |
| Saving for retirement | 49\% | 51\% | 46\% | 28\% | 47\% | 62\% | 51\% | 35\% | 56\% | 69\% | 48\% |
| Saving for a big near-term necessary purchase | 38\% | 39\% | 37\% | 32\% | 27\% | 37\% | 58\% | 31\% | 33\% | 46\% | 51\% |
| Paying off credit card debt | 34\% | 32\% | 36\% | 34\% | 38\% | 32\% | 40\% | 31\% | 28\% | 36\% | 37\% |
| Paying rent | 32\% | 32\% | 32\% | 40\% | 34\% | 28\% | 24\% | 42\% | 29\% | 29\% | 29\% |
| Making your mortgage payments | 22\% | 23\% | 20\% | 17\% | 24\% | 23\% | 14\% | 21\% | 32\% | 17\% | 16\% |
| Paying off a line of credit | 18\% | 18\% | 17\% | 18\% | 14\% | 22\% | 18\% | 17\% | 17\% | 22\% | 19\% |
| Saving for a home or property purchase | 18\% | 17\% | 18\% | 36\% | 17\% | 8\% | 7\% | 30\% | 19\% | 10\% | 5\% |
| Saving for your child(ren)'s education | 14\% | 16\% | 13\% | 14\% | 22\% | 6\% | 4\% | 22\% | 22\% | 8\% | 5\% |
| Helping your child(ren) pay for home or property | 8\% | 9\% | 8\% | 5\% | 7\% | 9\% | 13\% | 8\% | 7\% | 7\% | 12\% |
| Paying off student debt | 8\% | 7\% | 9\% | 22\% | 6\% | 2\% | 2\% | 19\% | 6\% | 1\% | 1\% |
| Helping your child(ren) pay off their debts | 6\% | 6\% | 7\% | 5\% | 5\% | 7\% | 12\% | 7\% | 4\% | 4\% | 10\% |

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## Women are significantly more likely than men to be concerned about affordability/income/finances.

| \% Concerned (7-9) | Total | Male | Female |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost of living in your day-to-day life | 70\% | 65\% | 76\% |
| My income keeping up with inflation | 63\% | 57\% | 69\% |
| Cuts to government health care services | 61\% | 54\% | 68\% |
| Housing affordability | 58\% | 51\% | 66\% |
| Having enough money in retirement | 58\% | 52\% | 63\% |
| The amount of taxes you have to pay | 54\% | 51\% | 58\% |
| Balancing my short term well being and long-term financial security | 50\% | 43\% | 57\% |
| The amount of debt Government has | 49\% | 49\% | 50\% |
| Your physical health | 48\% | 43\% | 53\% |
| Cuts to government social services | 48\% | 42\% | 54\% |
| Putting aside enough money to invest it | 45\% | 42\% | 48\% |
| Your salary increasing over time | 42\% | 39\% | 45\% |
| Your mental health | 42\% | 35\% | 49\% |
| Having enough to spend on things that aren't necessities | 41\% | 37\% | 45\% |
| Knowing where to invest your money | 36\% | 33\% | 39\% |
| The amount of debt you have | 35\% | 31\% | 38\% |
| Ever having a workplace pension | 34\% | 31\% | 38\% |
| Losing your job | 27\% | 25\% | 30\% |

"I am living beyond my means not by choice."

|  |  | Age |  |  |  | Gender |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Column \% | Total | 18-34 | 35-54 | 55-64 | 65+ | Male | Female |
| Strongly Agree | 17\% | 19\% | 21\% | 17\% | 8\% | 15\% | 19\% |
| Somewhat Agree | 25\% | 32\% | 28\% | 20\% | 16\% | 26\% | 25\% |
| Somewhat Disagree | 22\% | 27\% | 23\% | 19\% | 17\% | 21\% | 23\% |
| Strongly Disagree | 27\% | 13\% | 20\% | 33\% | 50\% | 29\% | 25\% |
| Don't have a view one way or another | 9\% | 10\% | 8\% | 10\% | 9\% | 9\% | 9\% |
| NET AGREE | 42\% | 51\% | 49\% | 38\% | 24\% | 41\% | 43\% |
| NET DISAGREE | 49\% | 39\% | 42\% | 52\% | 67\% | 50\% | 48\% |

[Total] $N=2000,[$ Male] $N=1073,[$ Female] $N=928,[18-34] \mathrm{N}=507,[35-54] \mathrm{N}=680,[55-64] \mathrm{N}=383,[65+] \mathrm{N}=431$

## Thank You

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[^0]:    [Total] $N=2000,[18-34] N=507,[35-54] N=680,[55-64] N=383,[65+] N=431,[$ Male $] N=1073,[F e m a l e] ~ N=928,[$ Unretired] $N=1486$

[^1]:    [Total] $\mathrm{N}=2000$, [Male -18 to 34 ] $\mathrm{N}=249$, [Male -35 to 54$] \mathrm{N}=363$, [Male -55 to 64$] \mathrm{N}=195$, [Male -65 and over] $\mathrm{N}=266$, [Female -18 to 34$] \mathrm{N}=258$, [Female -35 to 54$] \mathrm{N}=317$, [Female -55 to 64$] \mathrm{N}=188$, [Female -65 and over]

[^2]:    [Unretired] $\mathrm{N}=1486$, [Unretired - Male] $\mathrm{N}=770$, [Unretired - Female] $\mathrm{N}=716$,

